

Lloyd Passengers Affected

British Airline's Bankruptcy Strands U.S. Charter Groups

WASHINGTON, June 22 (AP).—The bankruptcy of a British airline last Friday apparently has stranded a number of U.S. tourists in Europe, but the authorities here are unable to determine how many. Estimates from travel agents and the airline industry range from a few hundred to as many as 3,000. Many of the victims do not yet realize their plight, since the groups that they flew with are not yet due to return. Primarily involved are groups that paid Lloyd International Airways, Ltd., for European round-trip charter flights. Lloyd was one of five British supplemental airlines named by the Civil Aeronautics Board this spring as those believed to have violated regulations by carrying passengers not qualified for charter transportation. The board ordered all five to obtain its approval for further charter flights into or out of the United States. The financial collapse of Lloyd became known Friday when a major U.S. supplemental airline, Overseas National, which has provided stranded customers of other airlines with free passage home to maintain a good reputation for charter airlines, asked the CAB for special permission to accommodate Lloyd passengers in London. The board granted permission since Overseas National had in Europe a DC-8 that had carried

Ulster Truce Is Announced By IRA Wing

Whitelaw Indicates British Acceptance

(Continued from Page 1) armed forces of the British crown. It added: "The leadership of the republican movement believes that a bilateral suspension of operations would lead to meaningful talks between the major parties to the conflict. The movement has formulated a peace plan designed to secure a just and lasting solution and holds itself in readiness to present it at the appropriate time. At least one element of surprise in today's announcement was that there was no time limit to the IRA offer. There were indications earlier that the IRA leadership was discussing only a two or three-week truce. Another element of both interest and surprise was the IRA demand to take part in any roundtable discussions over the future of Northern Ireland. Mr. Whitelaw previously had rejected offers to meet the "Provos," face to face, because they were, in his recent words, "terrorists who are causing suffering to innocent citizens in Northern Ireland and who are shooting British troops." The minimum demands of the Provisionals has been the abolition of the Stormont government—present Stormont is merely suspended for a year because of British direct rule—the withdrawal of troops from the streets before their departure from Northern Ireland, an end to internment and the release, and amnesty for all convicted as well as unconvicted political prisoners. Unity Is Objective The overriding aim of the Provisionals is an end to the border between North and South and Irish unity. The truce announcements came three weeks after the IRA's Official wing—the Marxist-oriented faction at odds with the Provisionals—called a cease-fire because of the growing danger of sectarian conflict. It was, however, the militant Provisionals bent on terrorism and the destruction of Ulster's economy, who had carried out the bulk of bombings and shootings in the last year. And tonight, despite their announcement, the Provisionals remained on the offensive. A British soldier was shot in Belfast while on patrol. His condition is not serious. It was the fourth sniper attack on soldiers in Belfast today. In recent weeks, Roman Catholic housewives and priests have pressed the "Provos" to end the terror campaign and enable Mr. Whitelaw to bring some calm to the sectarian conflict that has left 374 civilians and soldiers dead since August, 1969. Mr. Whitelaw, 53, was named secretary of state for Northern Ireland when Britain took over the province on March 24. Pressure on the "Provos" was stepped up after Mr. Whitelaw's meetings with Mr. Hume and Mr. Devlin. Following one of the meetings earlier in the week, Mr. Whitelaw granted a key minority demand: He changed the status of about 120 jailed men, both Catholic and Protestant, to political prisoners after they had been convicted of a variety of crimes. Separate Prison The men, who claimed that politics motivated their acts, are to be placed in a separate prison and allowed to wear civilian clothes. More important is the event of an amnesty for political prisoners, they will be released. Following Mr. Whitelaw's move, which was applauded in Catholic neighborhoods, pressure on the "Provos" grew even more intense. Reaction among militant Protestants to today's announcement was chilly, especially this evening when the IRA said that the "no-go" areas in Londonderry would remain intact. John McGuade, a Stormont MP representing the Protestant Shankill Road, said: "It's too ridiculous for words. If Mr. (Edward) Heath, Mr. Whitelaw and the government had the courage they should have, they would just arrest all the IRA and their sympathizers. "What kind of a peace pact is this? Will they just put their guns under the floorboards for a while?" Mr. McGuade asked. And William Craig, the leader of Ulster Vanguard, a militant Protestant group, said simply: "I wouldn't attach any great importance to it."

Japan Chides France, China For Open-Air Nuclear Tests

(Continued from Page 1) warnings took effect at midnight GMT June 20. Presumably, officials now are awaiting only favorable weather conditions for the first experiment. Ethiopian delegates at the Geneva disarmament conference said today they were associating themselves with the protests. Shortly after the Ethiopian delegate presented his position, Emperor Haile Selassie arrived at the Elysée Palace to lunch with President Georges Pompidou. There was no indication, however, that the emperor would bring up the subject. The debate has aroused almost no interest in France, and little public reaction. Paris newspapers

Yakir Detained In Soviet Prison

MOSCOW, June 22 (AP).—Povr Yakir, the civil rights spokesman arrested yesterday, has been taken to Lefortovo Prison for investigation, his friends reported today. They said his wife, Valentina, had not been allowed to see him, but that she hoped to get a message to him today. Thursday is the one day of the week when inmates at Lefortovo, one of the two main secret police prisons in Moscow, can receive messages from their families. Mr. Yakir, 49, is under investigation for violations of Article 70 of the criminal code which forbids "anti-soviet agitation and propaganda" according to security police who searched his flat after his arrest yesterday.

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Israel Returns Policeman Killed in Raid

ROSH HANIQA, Israel, June 22 (AP).—Israel today returned the body of a Lebanese policeman killed in an Israeli assault on guerrilla bases in southern Lebanon. The body was returned through the International Red Cross to Lebanese border officials at this checkpoint overlooking the Mediterranean. The policeman was fatally wounded and captured yesterday when a raiding Israeli force encountered a group of Syrian and Lebanese officers and soldiers making an inspection tour along a road in southern Lebanon. Also captured were a Syrian brigadier general, two colonels, two Lebanese colonels, a Lebanese captain and two other policemen. A Syrian officer also was wounded. One Israeli newspaper, Maariv, described the Syrians as "the heart of Syria's general staff." Tension at Golan Heights There was some tension in and around the Israeli-occupied Syrian Golan Heights and on the slopes of Mount Hermon, scene of the raid, but newsmen reported all quiet on the Lebanese border between Metulla, in upper Israel, and this Mediterranean resort. Witnesses in southern Lebanon said that the Israelis had fired artillery at two border villages this morning. But an Israeli military spokesman and a Lebanese government spokesman denied this. Israel said it launched the attack yesterday because it had information that Lebanese-based guerrillas were planning to step up action along the borders. The Israelis said the raid was not a reprisal for recent guerrilla strikes inside Israel. Syrians' Release Asked DAMASCUS, June 22 (UPI).—The Syrian government has requested the member states of the United Nations Security Council to obtain the release of Syrian officers captured by Israeli troops yesterday, the Middle East News agency said today. In Jerusalem, meanwhile, a senior Israeli officer declined to speculate on the future of the Syrian prisoners although the Israeli Labor party newspaper, Davar, suggested that they may be used to secure the release of Israelis held captive in Syria and Egypt. Asked by newsmen if Israel would trade them for three Israeli pilots held in Syria since 1970, the officer said, "This is up to the Syrians."

Arab Leaders Meet

MERSA MATRUH, Egypt, June 22 (Reuters).—Three Arab leaders, in a second day of talks, today discussed the implications of the Israeli raid into Lebanon. Presidents Anwar Sadat, of Egypt, Hafez Assad, of Syria, and Fawzi Mesmer Qadhafi of Libya are meeting as the presidential council of the Federation of Arab Republics, which groups their three countries. They met privately without aides for two hours today, after which members of the federal cabinet were invited to join them for about an hour. The three leaders then resumed their closed-door meeting. Informal sources said that the final meeting was expected to be held tomorrow. Undisclosed Measures BEIRUT, June 22 (Reuters).—Lebanese leaders and defense chiefs today took undisclosed

Soviet Ships to Egypt On 'Express' Runs

MOSCOW, June 22 (AP).—Soviet freighters traveling between Odessa and Egypt have started operating on an "express schedule," Izvestia reported last night. Because of the new schedule, the government newspaper said, both Egypt and the Soviet Union will be able to receive 50 percent more cargo a year. "Soviet ships deliver to Egypt cast iron, rolled metal, paper, automobiles and machine tools," Izvestia said. "In the opposite direction ships carry cotton, leather haberdashery, perfumes and foodstuffs."



AFTER THE RAID—Wrecked cars and debris from bombed buildings littered a street in the small town of Hasbaya in southern Lebanon Wednesday after the Israeli attack.

Over Calm Lebanese Frontier

Israel Returns Policeman Killed in Raid

measures to ward off further troubles such as Israel's ground and air strikes yesterday. But there was no official comment on local press speculation that the government was considering new restrictions on Palestinian guerrilla activity here so as to avoid giving Israel any excuse for launching further raids. The latest casualty figures of yesterday's raids showed five civilians and five military men were killed and 25 civilians were wounded. About 30 guerrillas were also killed or wounded, Palestinian guerrilla sources announced. The North Vietnamese Foreign Ministry in Hanoi launched the worldwide appeal last week in asking help to "halt the bloody hand of the American aggressors."

Hanoi Renews World Appeal To Halt U.S. Raids on Dams

PARIS, June 22 (AP).—North Vietnam today renewed its appeal to world opinion to halt American bombing of the country's vital system of dikes and dams. Vo Van Sung, North Vietnam's top diplomatic representative in France, told a press conference that President Nixon, "seeking vengeance for the defeat of his Vietnamization policy in South Vietnam," had ordered the air and naval bombardment of the North's network of dikes and hydraulic works. "These mad, savage acts of war have exposed the diabolic design of the Nixon administration to cause large floods in North Vietnam and spread death and famine among the civilian population," Mr. Sung declared. He listed a series of widespread air attacks on dikes and dams along the country's river system during the past two months and said U.S. naval forces had been pounding sea dikes. Mr. Sung pointed out that 15 million people live in the areas of the country's river basins. He said U.S. planes have dropped huge bombs near dikes in some areas which will affect the structure of the land and undermine foundations of dikes when they come under the pressure of high-water levels. The danger period for the high-water crisis is from June to October, and particularly during July and August, he said. Pointing to the river basins on a map in his mission headquarters, Mr. Sung said, "The possible rupture of dikes in North Vietnam at the time of the swelling waters would threaten millions of inhabitants and put hundreds of millions of hectares of cultivated land in peril of inundation."

Strike in Italy Protests Loss of Art Treasures

ROME, June 22 (AP).—Italy's top fine arts body went on strike indefinitely today to protest what it called the government's failure to protect this country's patrimony of art and monuments. The Superior Council of Fine Arts suspended all activity after it learned the government had let a private real estate firm buy a wing of the Barberis Palace, the building housing Rome's National Art Gallery. The gallery had protested that it needed the wing to transfer archives and restoration workshops from a crowded area. The gallery's request was backed unanimously by the Fine Arts Council. The council's president, Giulio Carlo Argan, said this was another example of astonishing disregard by the government. He said the government also had failed to provide new funds for the recovery of stolen art works, to discipline the superintendent for fine arts in the city of L'Aquila, east of Rome, for stripping the baroque interior of L'Aquila's best church, Santa Maria di Collemaggio, to verify its original medieval structures, and to order friars in the Church of St. Domenico in Arezzo to dismantle a newly-built powerful organ which is gradually shaking loose the color from a masterpiece of the medieval painter Cimabue.

Bomb Injures 8 In Paris Subway

PARIS, June 22 (AP).—Eight persons were slightly injured today in an explosion in the Invalides subway station in Paris. Officials at first believed it was an accidental explosion in a large wooden box at one end of the platform containing emergency lighting and batteries. But black stains on the wall alongside were discovered to be black powder from an explosive device. There was no immediate indication who set the blast.

Selassie Visits Paris

PARIS, June 22 (Reuters).—Emperor Haile Selassie, 70, of Ethiopia today held talks with President Georges Pompidou on the future of France's East African Territory of Adans and Issas (formerly French Somaliland).

Asks Lavelle Court-Martial U.S. Officer Files Charges Citing General for Air Rai

By Seymour M. Hersh

WASHINGTON, June 22 (NTT).—A young Air Force officer, acting "because my superiors and fellow officers have failed to come forward," formally accused retired Gen. John D. Lavelle yesterday of criminal misconduct in connection with unauthorized strikes on North Vietnam and the falsification of official reports. First Lt. Delbert R. Terrill Jr., a 1970 graduate of the Air Force Academy, swore out court-martial charges against the retired general in the offices of a congressman and later delivered the complaint to the offices of Air Force Secretary Robert C. Seamans Jr. Lt. Terrill, 24, a native of Charleston, Mich., told a news conference that "I expected that there would have been quite an uproar" over the Lavelle incident among his fellow officers.

"I waited," he said, "and I just feel that any oath of allegiance requires that I at last speak out." The lieutenant specifically accused Gen. Lavelle of willfully disobeying a lawful order and falsifying official documents, criminal actions that carry maximum penalties upon conviction of a total of six years in jail and immediate dismissal from the service. Terrill Investigation Lt. Terrill demanded that Secretary Seamans conduct a formal investigation of his accusations, in accordance with the Uniform Code of Military Justice. The code requires the secretary to begin an informal inquiry to determine whether there was enough evidence to sustain a full pretrial hearing, known in the military as an Article 32 proceeding, on the charges. "What kind of discipline can be maintained in a military system in which commanders are relieved and retired while others for like offenses are court-martialed and given dishonorable discharges?" the young lieutenant asked reporters at the news conference. "The American dream and the necessity of military cohesion demand equity."

In addition to his court-martial charges, Lt. Terrill said that he would file a separate request with Secretary of Defense Melvin R. Laird calling for a court of inquiry. Gen. Lavelle was relieved of four-star command in March 1969 after a one-year, one-month, unprecedented demotion in U.S. military history. He was notified, however, to retire in 1971 while drawing the pay of a general—about \$22,500 a year. Pentagon officials have said no further action against the general is pending. Lt. Terrill said that he has a "strong feeling" that the "Provo" Movement, an anti-communist, anti-Vietnam War, anti-peace movement, is a "disgrace to the service, effective in 1969, although he still has three years of his obligation to serve."

Hanoi Troops, Tanks Breach Defense Line North of Hue

(Continued from Page 1) attempt to break through an enemy roadblock and end the siege of An Loc, the South Vietnamese 21st Division has been relieved of the job. But fresh troops of the 25th Division from nearby Tay Ninh Province have been no more successful in ending the siege. Highway 13—the lifeline from An Loc south to Lai Khe and Saigon—continues to be blocked about 10 miles south of the beleaguered town. Enthusiasm was noticeably lacking among the first of the new troops to be wounded—a group of five that grew to 20 during the hour that they waited for an ambulance that never came. The soldiers had all been hit by bullets, not artillery fragments, which have caused most of the thousands of casualties in the An Loc battle. Bullets whirled overhead occasionally from a light a few hundred feet further up the road, behind a ridge covered with hrambles. The government soldiers were trying to drive a few hundred North Vietnamese from underground fortifications they have been using for months to shell the road and prevent the relief of An Loc. U.S. air support has been crucial throughout the battle, and this morning 18 B-52s dropped 500 tons of bombs on North Vietnamese positions five miles north of An Loc in what U.S. and South Vietnamese advisers hoped would be the start of a successful effort to break through.

Debré to See Laird in U.S.

(Continued from Page 1) timed to coincide with the nuclear tests. The visit is attracting considerable interest in Western European circles both because of the timing and of the personality of Mr. Debré. In timing, it comes just as Mr. Pompidou has been warning his European partners that a new relationship with the United States should be defined that marks Europe's "independence" from the United States. Pompidou's Priorities Whenever such subjects are discussed here, it usually leads to speculation on a joint Anglo-French nuclear policy. But Mr. Pompidou said as recently as last Sunday that European defense cooperation could only come "last," that is after political, economic, and monetary union were well under way. The personality of Mr. Debré also attracts considerable attention. He is the most orthodox Gaullist in the government and as such is the symbol of withdrawal from the NATO integrated command and hostility to "Atlanticism." His visits to the United States have been few and never exclusively on military matters. Three years ago, during his year as Gen. de Gaulle's last foreign minister, he attended a NATO ministerial meeting in Washington.

26 Americans Dead in Week In Vietnam

SAIGON, June 22 (AP).—U.S. command's weekly casualty summary today reported 26 Americans killed in action last week, 18 dead of nonbattle causes and 11 missing. Twenty-two men were wounded. The South Vietnamese command reported that 3,338 North Vietnamese and Viet Cong killed last week—the lowest figure reported by the government in six weeks—and that 181 men were killed and 158 missing. The allied command now reported these total casualties since 1961: American—45,790 killed in action, 302,145 wounded, 10,212 from nonbattle causes, 134 missing from nonbattle causes, 1,609 missing in action or turned. South Vietnamese—146,500 in action, 376,011 wounded, North Vietnamese and Cong—852,075 killed.

Weather

ALABAMA	13	55	Cloudy
ALASKA	20	65	Partly c
ARIZONA	29	84	Partly c
ARKANSAS	29	84	Partly c
CALIFORNIA	29	84	Partly c
COLORADO	29	84	Partly c
CONNECTICUT	29	84	Partly c
DELAWARE	29	84	Partly c
FLORIDA	29	84	Partly c
GEORGIA	29	84	Partly c
ILLINOIS	29	84	Partly c
INDIANA	29	84	Partly c
IOWA	29	84	Partly c
KANSAS	29	84	Partly c
KENTUCKY	29	84	Partly c
LABOR DAY	29	84	Partly c
LOUISIANA	29	84	Partly c
MAINE	29	84	Partly c
MARYLAND	29	84	Partly c
MASSACHUSETTS	29	84	Partly c
MICHIGAN	29	84	Partly c
MINNESOTA	29	84	Partly c
MISSISSIPPI	29	84	Partly c
MISSOURI	29	84	Partly c
MONTANA	29	84	Partly c
NEBRASKA	29	84	Partly c
NEVADA	29	84	Partly c
NEW HAMPSHIRE	29	84	Partly c
NEW JERSEY	29	84	Partly c
NEW MEXICO	29	84	Partly c
NEW YORK	29	84	Partly c
NORTH CAROLINA	29	84	Partly c
NORTH DAKOTA	29	84	Partly c
OHIO	29	84	Partly c
OKLAHOMA	29	84	Partly c
OREGON	29	84	Partly c
PENNSYLVANIA	29	84	Partly c
RHODE ISLAND	29	84	Partly c
SOUTH CAROLINA	29	84	Partly c
SOUTH DAKOTA	29	84	Partly c
TENNESSEE	29	84	Partly c
TEXAS	29	84	Partly c
UTAH	29	84	Partly c
VIRGINIA	29	84	Partly c
WASHINGTON	29	84	Partly c
WEST VIRGINIA	29	84	Partly c
WISCONSIN	29	84	Partly c
WYOMING	29	84	Partly c

Votes Short of Nomination

Gov. Expects to Have Delegate Majority in Week

By Don Oberdorfer and William Chapman
WASHINGTON, June 22 (UPI).—George E. McGovern, who has 185 votes of winning delegates, expects to close the gap by winning over black and small groups of delegates around the state conventions.

McGovern is expected to pick up about seven of Delaware's 13 delegates at the last of the state conventions this weekend.

McGovern's victory in New York's primary was a major step toward his goal of winning the nomination. He has the support of three out of four delegates in the state, although Sen. Humphrey predicted that there would be a first-ballot nomination.

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United Press International
FIRE AND FLOOD—Torrential rains from Tropical Storm Agnes caused severe flooding in the District of Columbia, and in the Washington suburb of Arlington, Va., a shopping center burned late Wednesday night as the high water blocked firemen.

Agnes Gaining Strength Again

Storm Sweeps U.S. Northeast, Killing 26

WASHINGTON, June 22 (UPI).—Tropical storm Agnes dumped almost a foot of rain on the northeastern United States today, forcing thousands of persons from their homes, Civil Defense officials said.

At least 26 persons were reported dead in the Carolinas to New York in the rejuvenated storm—which had started out as a hurricane—and nine others were missing or believed dead.

Agnes was downgraded to a "tropical depression" Monday after it moved inland, but it built up into what the National Weather Service designates a tropical storm yesterday as it neared the East Coast.

Victims reported today included three persons, six of them motorists, in Virginia; 10 in Pennsylvania, including a baby torn from its father's hands; four

in Maryland, including three children swept away in a car, two in North Carolina and one in Delaware.

Four of the deaths were in the Washington area. A woman was swept from her car in suburban Silver Spring, Md., and a body was found near a fire that destroyed a 15-story shopping center at Arlington, Va. Two bodies were found in Fairfax County, Va.

Agnes, which claimed 15 lives earlier in the week when it struck Florida and Cuba as the first hurricane of the season, was centered today over New Jersey and was moving toward New York City at about 15 miles an hour.

The National Weather Service said flash-flood warnings were in effect from northeast Maryland to New England, and gale warnings remained in effect from Virginia Beach to Rhode Island.

An estimated 10,000 persons were given temporary shelter in schools, fire houses and American Legion posts in Washington's Virginia and Maryland suburbs.

Hundreds of motorists were stranded and some had to be rescued. The National Weather Service said wind gusts hit 60 miles an hour. Hundreds of trees were toppled and power was knocked out in parts of Washington and its suburbs.

Near Rockville, Md., to the north of the capital, two dams were heavily strained, and many families were evacuated because of danger of collapse. Civil Defense officials said later the immediate danger had passed.

Washington Floods

Rock Creek, in Washington, swept over its banks, sending up to 10 feet of water surging over Rock Creek Parkway, a major artery. At least 100 cars were abandoned, and police rescued several motorists.

The Penn. Canal, Baltimore-Ohio and Chesapeake-Ohio railroads canceled commuter services north to Baltimore because of washed-out tracks and bridges.

Commuter bus service in and out of Washington was sharply cut because some 200 buses were flooded at a depot.

At the White House, reporters found the carpeting wet in the basement-level press room.

A big 18th-century linden tree was toppled by winds that swept across the south grounds of the White House. It fell on a group of small doctored trees and destroyed them in the process.

Four persons drowned in the Susquehanna River region near Harrisburg, Pa. Highway were closed by mud and rock slides. Hundreds of families were evacuated. State police rescued 36 Girl Scouts trapped during the night at a camping area near York, Pa.

There also was heavy flooding along the Pennsylvania-New York border. In Lykens, Pa., a small creek overflowed, and residents were evacuated by boats.

California Flood

ISLETON, Calif., June 22 (AP).—The mayor ordered this little river town evacuated today after a hastily erected earthen barrier ruptured. It had held back flood waters through the night.

A fire truck went through the streets to spread the alert.

About half the population of 1,400 already had left voluntarily before the order from Mayor Mansueti Francioni put an evacuation plan into effect at 7 a.m.

Lt. James Boyd, of the Coast Guard, said he understood the mayor's order was "for sanitary reasons, the chance of water contamination" and was not because of fear the emergency dike would give way completely.

The 8-to-10-foot-high earthen dike was built during a flood-dike all-night effort involving U.S. Army engineers with huge earth-moving machinery and hundreds of volunteer laborers, including a teen-age shovel brigade.

Isleton is on a northern, elevated tip of Andrus Island in the heart of the delta that drains northern California waters into San Francisco Bay.

The emergency barrier was erected after an earthen levee on the San Joaquin River burst before dawn yesterday, sending muddy torrents pouring over Andrus Island and parts of nearby Brannan Island.

Arizona Tornadoes

ELOY, Ariz., June 22 (UPI).—A series of tornadoes accompanied by heavy rain and hail struck south-central Arizona today, leveling the main street of this small cotton town.

No deaths were reported. Property damage was considerable, and several persons suffered minor injuries.

Yet, in the second case, the court unanimously disallowed the split of Scotland Neck from the Halifax County, N.C., school system.

Emporia changed from a town to an independent city in 1967. In 1969, two weeks after a federal court ordered a sweeping desegregation plan for the entire county, including Emporia, city officials announced they would operate a separate school system.

If all children in the county had attended schools in one desegregated district, the racial distribution would have been 84 percent white and 66 percent Negro. If Emporia had its own system, Justice Stewart said, and total enrollment remained the same, the city's schools would have been 48 percent white.

The circuit court said the carving out of a separate district is illegal only if race was the "primary purpose." But Justice Stewart said this case "finds no precedent in our decisions."

"An inquiry into the 'dominant' motivation of school authorities is as irrelevant as it is fruitless," he said.

In other actions today, the court:

- Ruled that unions may contribute directly to presidential and congressional campaigns provided the funds are contributed voluntarily by members and

If Result Perpetuates Segregation

High Court Bars Dividing of School Districts

WASHINGTON, June 22 (AP).—The Supreme Court today barred the splintering of school districts into smaller ones when the result perpetuates racial segregation.

The 5-to-4 ruling in a case from rural Virginia arms federal judges with broad supervisory powers over the drawing of school district boundaries.

Although Justice Potter Stewart's majority opinion did not deal directly with cases other than the two before the court, he hinted that strong actions by judges to break down school segregation elsewhere could be upheld.

Particularly, Justice Stewart emphasized that the test of whether school boundaries are legally drawn was "the effect" on the dismantling of racially separate school systems.

In a rare departure from virtual unanimity in school cases, the court split in barring the separation of Emporia, Va., from the Greenbush County system.

The four Nixon administration appointees dissented in a bloc. Chief Justice Warren Burger, speaking for them, charged the majority with going "too far." He said the elimination of disparities in racial ratios "is not the mission of the desegregation."

Unanimous Ruling

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In other actions today, the court:

- Ruled that unions may contribute directly to presidential and congressional campaigns provided the funds are contributed voluntarily by members and

are not mixed in with union dues and assessments. The vote was 6 to 2. The decision, by Justice William J. Brennan Jr., rejected the Justice Department's view of the 1947 Taft-Hartley Law that political campaign funds must be completely outside the control of the union's leaders.

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N.Y. State Lottery

Increases Its Prizes

NEW YORK, June 22 (NYT).—A new "summer special" lottery with a grand prize of \$50,000 a year for life and a guarantee of a minimum of \$1 million to the winner was announced yesterday by the New York State Lottery Commission.

A grand prize winner who lived for 70 years after striking it rich would collect \$3.5 million. Although New York has had four previous super-prize lotteries and New Jersey has had one too, the maximum under these was \$1 million.

The new lottery will cost \$3 a ticket.

3 New Jolts in Ancona

ANCONA, Italy, June 22 (UPI).—Three more earthquake shocks ripped through this heavily damaged Adriatic port city yesterday. Officials said the shocks, measuring between three and four on the 12-degree Mercalli scale, caused no damage and no panic.

Yet, in the second case, the court unanimously disallowed the split of Scotland Neck from the Halifax County, N.C., school system.

Emporia changed from a town to an independent city in 1967. In 1969, two weeks after a federal court ordered a sweeping desegregation plan for the entire county, including Emporia, city officials announced they would operate a separate school system.

If all children in the county had attended schools in one desegregated district, the racial distribution would have been 84 percent white and 66 percent Negro. If Emporia had its own system, Justice Stewart said, and total enrollment remained the same, the city's schools would have been 48 percent white.

The circuit court said the carving out of a separate district is illegal only if race was the "primary purpose." But Justice Stewart said this case "finds no precedent in our decisions."

"An inquiry into the 'dominant' motivation of school authorities is as irrelevant as it is fruitless," he said.

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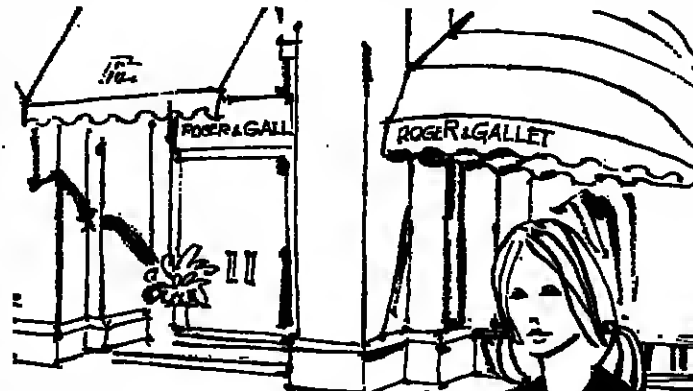
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Les Authentiques have found their meeting point: la Boutique Roger & Gallet.

Who are "les Authentiques"? Men and women who reject anything false, counterfeit, deceitful. They want leather to be leather. Cashmere to be true cashmere. At la Boutique Roger & Gallet, they find what they like: genuine cashmires, Scarves, ties and blouses of real silk. And the surprisingly soft lambskin of suits and luggage.

If you feel you belong with "les Authentiques", do come and take a look at the windows of la Boutique Roger & Gallet. You may also find the prices to be unexpectedly soft.

ROME, June 22 (AP).—Police said today that they broke up a ring of international forgers operating in Italy and confiscated fake documents and printing material valued at several million dollars.

Officials arrested 15 persons in Rome, Milan and Genoa. Among those arrested was the alleged boss of the gang, an Argentine identified as Alberto Diaz, 40.

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26 Acad. Scientists Go Dead in Russia July 2

In Joint Program

WASHINGTON, June 22 (UPI).—A U.S. delegation will go to Moscow on July 2 to arrange the U.S.-Soviet program to solve such technological problems as producing clean burning engines and the Arctic.

Edward E. David Jr., President's science adviser, will lead the U.S. group to carry out joint summit agreements on space and technology. It is expected that Dr. David's group could see the U.S. and Soviet scientists and engineers working on the program.

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ISLETON, Calif., June 22 (AP).—The mayor ordered this little river town evacuated today after a hastily erected earthen barrier ruptured. It had held back flood waters through the night.

A fire truck went through the streets to spread the alert.

About half the population of 1,400 already had left voluntarily before the order from Mayor Mansueti Francioni put an evacuation plan into effect at 7 a.m.

Lt. James Boyd, of the Coast Guard, said he understood the mayor's order was "for sanitary reasons, the chance of water contamination" and was not because of fear the emergency dike would give way completely.

The 8-to-10-foot-high earthen dike was built during a flood-dike all-night effort involving U.S. Army engineers with huge earth-moving machinery and hundreds of volunteer laborers, including a teen-age shovel brigade.

Isleton is on a northern, elevated tip of Andrus Island in the heart of the delta that drains northern California waters into San Francisco Bay.

JOHANNESBURG, June 22 (UPI).—Ahmed Essop Timol, an Indian political detainee who fell to his death from the 10th floor of John Vorster Square police headquarters last year, committed suicide, a magistrate ruled today.

Johannes de Villier said the possibility that Mr. Timol, 30, was murdered while in police custody or fell accidentally from the window was "ridiculous."

Mr. Timol, a teacher, was detained by security police during a series of nationwide arrests last October. Police witnesses said he was being questioned shortly before his death. He had asked to go to the toilet and before he could be stopped, rushed to the window and jumped.

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Separate Consumer Unit Voted by Senate, Would Rival FDA

By Morton Mintz

WASHINGTON, June 22 (UPI)—The Senate voted 68-22 today to create a consumer agency with broad power to protect the public from unreasonable injury from unreasonable products, drugs and consumer products used in and around the home.

The bill, which would create a new Department of Consumer Affairs, would also give the new agency the power to regulate the sale of consumer products, including household appliances, housewares, toys, and other consumer goods.

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Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, building on the authority long-vested in the Food and Drug Administration.

Foot-Dragging

To make the agency independent would be to "keep bureaucratic pressure and big business out of the process of decision-making in this vital area," Sen. Warren G. Magnuson, D., Wash., the principal sponsor, said. To put it in HEW would be to continue "the traditional foot-dragging we've seen so much of," the Commerce Committee chairman added.

The banking committee Republican, Sen. Norris Cotton of New Hampshire, sponsored an amendment to make HEW the administrator. Representatives of the pharmaceutical industry, which the FDA regulates, lobbied for the amendment just before it was voted on. It failed, 32 to 51.

In Other Congressional Action:

• The House Foreign Affairs Committee voted in executive session yesterday to attach an amendment to the Foreign Aid Authorization Bill which would cut off U.S. aid to Thailand until that country takes steps to stop drug traffic there.

The amendment, offered by Rep. Lester Wolff, D., N.Y., would affect some \$200 million in proposed aid for Thailand, including \$50 million in military assistance.

The aid would be restored when the President reports that he is satisfied Thailand is taking adequate steps to control the drug traffic. "This puts the onus on him," Rep. Wolff said.

• The Senate today passed a bill to establish a grievance procedure for Foreign Service officers. The 56-27 roll call vote sent the bill to the House.

The bill would give Foreign Service employees a right to a hearing before a grievance board in appealing decisions relating to promotion and involuntary separation from the service.

Sen. Birch Bayh, D., Ind., one of the sponsors, said the lack of a right of appeal came to his attention in the case of Charles Thomas, a Foreign Service officer from Fort Wayne, Ind.

Mr. Thomas, Sen. Bayh said, was passed over for promotion and involuntarily retired because of an unsatisfactory report of another Charles Thomas who was erroneously placed in his file. Although the State Department admitted the error, Sen. Bayh said, it refused to reconsider the dismissal and Mr. Thomas ultimately committed suicide leaving a wife and several small children.

French Unions On Strike Today To Raise Wages

PARIS, June 22 (AP)—Strikes varying in length from an hour to 24 hours will hit France tomorrow as unions seek a higher guaranteed minimum wage and retirement at age 60 on full pension.

Cuts in electricity are expected tomorrow morning, and some train and plane service will be reduced. Otherwise the 24-hour strikes will affect private industry, while public services will have mainly short stoppages.

There will be delays in mail distribution.

The moderate left-wing Confédération Française Démocratique du Travail (CFDT) has joined the Communist-led Confédération Générale du Travail (CGT) in tomorrow's action, after sitting out the CGT's strike on June 7 on the grounds that it was "political."

Premier Jacques Chaban-Delmas has promised that the minimum wage will be met within 18 months. This would be a raise of some 200 francs.

But the government has been silent on the union proposal that all other wages should rise to keep their present differentials over the minimum.

Italy, U.S., Canada, France Move to Bridge Semifinals

MIAMI BEACH, June 22 (UPI)—Italy won the women's championship last night at the 4th World Bridge Olympiad in Miami Beach, while the Blue Team advanced to the semifinals of the open competition along with the United States.

The Italian Blue Team and the world champion Aces, representing the United States, finished on top of the open field at the end of the qualifying rounds and were joined in the semifinals by Canada and France. The semifinals begin tonight with finals tomorrow and Saturday.

The victory in the women's competition was the first for Italy. South Africa, which won the event at the last bridge Olympiad four years ago in Dearville, France, finished second and the United States was third.

In the open series, Poland played superb bridge before a large audience to defeat France 11-9. This result meant that Canada, which had blotted the Philippines to take all 20 victory points, was assured of one of the four play-off spots.

France had to wait for the result of the Taiwan-Switzerland match to find out if it would qualify since the Chinese



WALKING ON AIR—Wing-walking stuntman John Kazian showing his form during an air show at Quonset Point Naval Air Station in Rhode Island. On another pass over, stuntman topped this trick by standing on his head during a low swoop.

In Moscow Statement

Soviet Physicist Proposes Bill of Rights and Reforms

MOSCOW, June 22 (AP)—Andrei D. Sakharov, developer of the Soviet H-bomb and outspoken critic of the regime, today proposed a bill of rights for the Soviet Union and urged a major redirection of Russia's economic and foreign policies.

The nuclear physicist made public a sweeping reform program designed to democratize and liberalize Soviet society, which, he claimed, was threatened from inside by militarization of the economy and growing evidence of a resurgence of Stalinist practices.

The paramount goal of the program, Mr. Sakharov said, is to protect human rights in the Soviet Union.

"Our society is infected with naphth, hypocrisy, narrow-minded egoism and hidden cruelty," he declared. "With hurt and alarm, I am forced to note, in the wake of a largely illusory liberalism, the growth of restrictions on ideological freedom and of persecution for political and ideological reasons."

Basic Energy True internal stability and external security can be provided only by adopting "urgent high-priority reforms," he added. These should be founded on the principle that "the basic energy of the country must be directed toward a harmonious internal development with a practical use of labor and natural resources."

The reform program, which he made available to some Western newsmen today, consists of two signed documents, a "memorandum" dated March 5, 1971, and an "afterword" dated June, 1972.

Mr. Sakharov sent the memorandum last year to Soviet Communist party chief Leonid I. Brezhnev. But he wrote in the "afterword," "It has gone unanswered. I do not consider it my right to further postpone its publication."

The scientist, who is co-founder of the unofficial Soviet Committee on Human Rights, contended that "the single true guarantee of human values in the chaos of uncontrollable change and tragic shocks is the freedom of convictions of man."

Foreign Policy Aims Soviet society, Mr. Sakharov wrote, "does not require a foreign policy whose purpose is external political stabilization or the widening of zones of influence or export of its ideas."

The government, he said, "has as its chief goal the protection and insurance of the basic rights of its citizens. The defense of human rights is more important than other goals."

Mr. Sakharov's lengthy program detailed specific proposals for the democratization of the country including a general amnesty for all political prisoners, open trials, a new press and information law and an end to the jamming of foreign radio broadcasts.

The 51-year-old physicist proposed that single-seat elections be abolished, that provisions be made for the popular selection of government and party leaders and the "genuine possibility of recall of officials at all levels in cases of unacceptability."

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U.S. Army Cites Discrimination in W. German Cafes

HEIDELBERG, West Germany, June 22 (Reuters)—Of 4,100 restaurants surveyed on discrimination against U.S. soldiers in West Germany, 50 discriminated against black soldiers, 75 discriminated against all U.S. soldiers and 123 practiced discrimination "in some way," the headquarters of the U.S. Army in Europe reported here today.

An Army statement said 23 of the establishments had been placed off limits to all U.S. soldiers and the owners of the others had been asked to change their practices.

The statement said officials of the West German Hotel and Restaurant Owners' Association had promised at a recent meeting to publicize discrimination cases in an effort to stamp them out.

The association has expressed readiness to act as a "central clearing agency" for complaints regarding the issue, the Army statement said.

Japan Ships Still Struck

TOKYO, June 22 (Reuters)—The Japan Seamen's Union decided today to continue indefinitely its record 10-week-old strike tying up 1,200 ships. Negotiations collapsed earlier this week, and no further talks between ship owners and the 160,000-strong union appear likely soon.

New AMA Leader Criticizes Nixon Medical Reform Plan

By Stuart Auerbach

SAN FRANCISCO, June 22—(UPI)—The new president of the American Medical Association said yesterday the Nixon administration health plan to reform the health care delivery system—a network of prepaid group practice centers—would be unacceptable to the American people.

In his inaugural address, Dr. C. A. (Carl) Hoffman also attacked the still small but growing practice of doctors forming labor unions. He said that the physicians' union is one example of the "profound disquiet" that most American doctors feel.

In his remarks, Dr. Hoffman showed that he would continue the same conservative policies that have marked AMA leadership in the past.

He spoke against interference by government and insurance companies on the practice of medicine: cradle-to-grave national health insurance programs and Price Board rulings that limit doctors' fee increases to 2.5 percent a year compared to 5.5 percent for the rest of the nation's businesses.

"The state of mind of most physicians today is one of profound disquiet," said Dr. Hoffman, a 68-year-old urologist from Huntington, W. Va., who has practiced medicine for 35 years.

Threats Seen

"This grows out of the threat we feel each day to our profession. Almost daily, there are new infringements on the way we practice—intrusions by government and other third parties. Almost daily there are attacks on our methods of practice, on our methods of payment, even on our motives and our life styles."

He said that he was leaving in two weeks to study nationalized medical programs in Sweden, Russia and Great Britain "to see what they have to offer that we can use." The Russian emergency care system, he said, might be worth copying in America.

However, he denounced the concept of health maintenance organizations (HMOs)—the network of prepaid group practice plans that the Nixon administration wants to spread across the nation—as something that most doctors and most Americans won't stand for.

"The majority of the American people," he said, "have preferred the fee-for-service principle for financing medical care. What I do object to, what the American people ought to object to is having it (HMOs) imposed on the nation as the pre-eminent medical care system with little or no alternative."

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Besides being a keystone of the Nixon administration health program, pre-paid group practice is an important part of the cradle-to-grave national health insurance plan supported by Sen. Edward M. Kennedy, D., Mass., and organized labor. Three major HMO bills currently are being considered by Congress.

Mr. Hoffman launched the HMOs concept in his 1971 State of the Union message with glowing descriptions of how it could provide better medical care at lower costs. The program calls for a network of 1,700 HMOs spread around the country caring for 40 million Americans by 1976. By 1980, there should be enough HMOs in operation to care for 90 percent of the population.

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British Director of Berlin Airlift 1948-49 Dies

LONDON, June 22 (Reuters)—Vice-Marshal Thomas Audley, who helped organize the Berlin airlift in 1948-49, died in a hospital last night.

At the last day of World War II, he was appointed senior officer of the Royal Air Force's bomber command. Before retiring in 1949, he was air officer in charge of administration Western Europe, a role that led to his responsibility for the airlift during the 1948-49 blockade of the city.

Henriette Rosenberg

NEW YORK, June 22 (NYT)—Henriette Rosenberg, 58, a citizen who recorded her experiences in the underground during the Nazi "Wall of Tumbling Down," died today in her home in Poitiers, in the south of France.

She had suffered from a heart ailment.

For years of her career as a journalist were spent with Time, as a reporter and researcher Fortune and Life and as a correspondent in Europe.

Ms. Rosenberg, who was born in the Hague, received a bachelor's degree from Leyden University in 1933. When the war broke out, she continued her studies at Utrecht University.

After the war, she worked for the New York Times and the New York Herald Tribune, and for many months of editing and acting as a courier.

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FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

U.S. Trade
In 2d Quarter
Seen at LowCommerce Chief Says
3d 'May Be Less Bad'

WASHINGTON, June 22 (Reuters).—Commerce Secretary Peter Peterson said today he believed the U.S. trade deficit reached a low in this year's second quarter and will now improve.

The figures have not yet been issued for the second quarter, but in the opening three months of the year there was a record trade deficit of \$1.5 billion.

Mr. Peterson, in a prepared statement to the House Foreign Affairs Committee, said he anticipated that the substantial exchange rate adjustments negotiated last December will greatly benefit the U.S. trade position.

"I hope and believe that the second quarter will turn out to be the low point," he said.

He said that "April was not a very happy month."

Asked if the third quarter would be a substantial improvement over the current period, the secretary would only say that "the third quarter may be less bad than the second."

Mr. Peterson said that if a trade agreement is reached, U.S. exports to the Soviet Union could reach hundreds of millions of dollars.

"I can see the opportunity of hundreds of millions of dollars in exports to the Soviet Union if the President decides to go ahead with an agreement on export credits," he said during questioning by committee members.

N.Y. Recovers Most of Early Loss

Hit by Worries,
Curious Malaise

By Vartan G. Vartan
NEW YORK, June 22 (NYT).—Prices staged a modest recovery in the final hour today as trading on the New York Stock Exchange held to a slow-paced 1541 million shares.

The Dow Jones industrial average, behind five points or more for much of the session, finished at 850.71 with a token decline of 0.90.

Despite the late rebound, it remained a market beset by worries—fears of inflation at home and pressure on sterling abroad—and by a kind of curious malaise in the investment community.

"There is a lot of bewilderment," one broker said.

The active list included one big

winner and one big loser. Curtiss-Wright, bobbing up as the volume leader, rose 3 1/2 to 51. The stock, a current speculative favorite, has been powered by trader interest in the Wankel engine, to which Curtiss-Wright holds exclusive North American rights.

Gable Finages

Gable Industries, plunging 3 to 27 in brisk trading, turned weak on the announcement of a secondary offering. A total of 827,000 shares was offered at \$27. The company was formed by the merger last summer of Fuqua National into Central Foundry.

A recovery in some volatile issues helped the market in the afternoon. Bausch & Lomb ended at 52 1/2, up 7/8, after selling as low as 49 1/2. Early weakness followed the report that both the Big Board and the Securities and Exchange Commission have started to investigate trading in Bausch & Lomb on June 14, when it plunged 6.

Kresge rose 1 5/8 to 122 3/8 after trading as low as 120 1/4. The company has disclosed it expects a slightly lower pre-tax profit margin this year as compared with 1971.

Kodak Sets Record

Eastman Kodak, the only component among the 30 Dow industrials to gain more than a fraction, moved up 2 3/8 to 132 1/8 after trading at 132 1/4, its highest price ever.

Boeing was the announcement that heavy demand for its new Instamatic cameras and other photographic products had meant an addition of more than 1,000 employees this year.

Berkey Photo, which said a week ago that it is working on the prototype of an instant picture camera, rose 1 3/4 to 24 3/8.

Schering-Blough gained 3 to 118 1/2. Brokers related the gain to a brokerage house recommendation.

Glamour issues were mostly lower. Levitz Furniture fell 3/4 to 41 3/8 and Xerox lost 1/4 to 151 3/4.

Amex Index Down

The American Stock Exchange index fell .06 to 27.42. Declining issues led advances, 553 to 301, with 325 unchanged.

The most active issue was Syntex, which fell 5/8 to 85 5/8. Hycel, up 4 1/4 to 31 1/2, said it and the scientific products division of American Hospital Supply agreed to discard a proposed distributorship agreement that would have restricted Hycel in direct marketing of its products.

California Computer rose 2 1/8 to 18 5/8. It said it expects to file an amendment to a registration statement previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission that would reduce its shares to be registered to 50,000 from 306,555 originally announced.

In the over-the-counter market, the NASDAQ index lost 0.72 to 140.53.

Corporate bond prices continued a drifting, lackluster performance today, closing mixed in quiet dealings. Government agency bonds were unchanged.

Motorists 'Fix' Emissions Gadget,
Spur Horsepower—and Pollution

DETROIT, June 22 (AP-DJ).—Although government agencies continue to push ahead with car emission control devices, increasing numbers of U.S. motorists are having the gadgets removed to get more power from their late-model autos.

One autoist, who for less than \$30 had his 1971 Chevrolet engine "fixed," says the car runs "noticeably better" and figures he now gets 15 miles to the gallon, up from 14 before.

The mechanic changed two springs in the car's distributor, retimed the engine and disconnected a solenoid, a switch-like device, in the emission system. The whole job took less than 45 minutes. Now the engine has more horsepower but is probably dirtier.

Nobody knows how many car owners have had similar operations. "It's kind of frightening that we don't know the extent to which this is going on," says Norman Shulter, an official of the federal Environmental Protection Agency. For if the practice is very widespread it could mean real trouble for the effort to reduce auto emissions.

But there are indications that the practice is fairly widespread.

Milan Exchange Gives Up August Vacation

MILAN, June 22 (AP-DJ).—The Milan Stock Exchange will keep on working throughout August this year giving up the usual summer vacation and a century-old tradition.

Since the market was inaugurated in 1808 it always was shut down for at least two weeks in August to allow brokers, bank operators and others concerned with stocks to have a quiet vacation. After the Paris Bourse gave up summer closing some years ago, the Milan market is perhaps the last in the world to do likewise.

But with mounting technical

problems and worldwide monetary and financial events that often occur during the market closure, with negative repercussions at the reopening, the Italian Treasury Ministry and the brokers association jointly decided to give up the vacation starting this year.

"It was a right decision," a bank executive said. "The Milan market was no longer in a position to afford the long August shutdown without paying for it."

During last year's shutdown, the dollar's convertibility into the lire was suspended and the Baslogi merger, involving four of Italy's major holding companies,

was settled.

"Many operators forced the trend downward in the weeks before the summer vacation so as to be safe at the reopening in case of negative events during the closure. This compulsory downward trend always caused a lot of technical problems," one broker said.

Banks especially put pressure on brokers and the Treasury Ministry to have the vacation lifted.

"The most surprising thing is that this decision could have been taken long ago without problems," a bank official noted.

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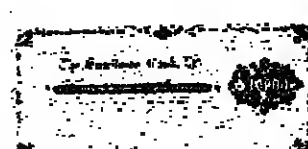
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Financing Set for BP's Forties Field

British Petroleum (BP) has raised a loan of \$380 million from a consortium of British, European and North American banks to develop its North Sea oil discoveries. BP, which is half owned by the British government, says the loan is the largest ever private bank loan. Repayment will start when BP's oil starts flowing in from the North Sea in 1974. BP says its "forties" oil field will be developed in two phases. The first is to produce 350,000 barrels per day estimated to cost \$211 million and the second phase to increase daily output to 400,000 barrels will cost about \$124 million. Funds will be advanced to BP as required to meet development costs and the banks will be repaid from the proceeds of oil sales during the five years following the start of commercial production.

Citroën, Audi Rotary Engine Car

The first Wankel rotary engine produced jointly by Citroën and Audi-NSU will be used in a specially designed Citroën car. The French and West German firms have been working on the engine within a joint company, Comotor, since 1967. Production of prototype engines at a newly built plant in the Saar should begin before the end of the first half of 1973, Citroën says. Audi, although still collaborating on rotary engine research, will not work on a jointly designed car to use the engine. Citroën says it has designed but not yet built a car to take the engine. The rotary engine will also be available to outside purchasers if they show interest, Citroën adds.

Toyota Develops Electric Car

Toyota Motor, Japan's largest automaker, says it has developed an electric passenger car which could help reduce air pollution by replacing conventional automobiles.

Toyota has been working jointly with Nissan, Daimler-Benz and Denso, electric equipment manufacturers. Under a program backed by the Ministry of International Trade and Industry, Toyota officials say the electric car can carry three to five passengers at a maximum speed of 49 miles an hour on one battery charge. They decline to disclose further details, saying only that the company hopes to test a prototype in October. Toyota believes, however, that it will be a long time before the car can be commercially produced, even after a successful test, because of higher operational costs.

Cadbury Schweppes Seeks Record '72

Cadbury Schweppes is heading for a record year of profit, according to chairman Lord Watkinson. He says the big food company is on the lookout for new developments and possible takeovers at home and abroad. "We have got our cash position right now and we must find a use for it in new ventures at home and abroad."

German Vehicle Output Off

West Germany's motor vehicle production totaled 338,627 units in May, up 4.7 percent from April, but down 1.4 percent from May 1971, the automobile industry federation reports. So far this year, vehicle output declined 5.1 percent to 1.68 million units.

May Auto Output Up in U.K.

British auto production in the four weeks ending May 27 rose to 172,302 units, up 19 percent from the April period and 10.3 percent from May 1971. The Department of Trade and Industry also reports that output losses due to industrial disputes were less than in April or May 1971.

Who Will Attend Talks and for How Long?

Uncertainty on Monetary Reform Growing

WASHINGTON, June 22 (AP-DJ).—The "shape of the table" for international monetary reform talks is about settled, but the uncertainty over who will sit around it—and for how long—appears to be growing.

The International Monetary Fund (IMF) is soon expected to ask 128 member governments to vote on setting up a high-level committee known as the "Group of 20" to negotiate a new, permanent system. The sense of motion in monetary matters is being increased, too, by the swing around South America that the White House said Arthur F. Burns, chairman of the Federal Reserve Board, will start Saturday.

In testimony before a House banking subcommittee today, Treasury Under Secretary Volcker said that "nations are in substantial agreement" on the formation of a group of 20 countries to serve as a main negotiating forum for international monetary reforms.

He said Washington will move ahead on monetary reform "as rapidly as other nations will move," but stressed that it "would be criminal to accept an unsatisfactory agreement for the sake of a prompt agreement." He noted that decisions on the reforms for reform talks have not been reached as rapidly as he expected and wished.

He told the subcommittee that the broad outline of international monetary reforms could be worked out within two years, but he

suggested it might take longer than that to reach agreement on all details.

But strategists are sounding increasingly less sanguine about when final agreement might be reached. The full-scale annual meeting of the IMF in Washington next September is the earliest time that all the people who would form the "G-20" are likely to be selected, these sources say, raising fresh doubt that the draft policy issues will be settled even by the 1973 meeting of the IMF in Kenya.

"Nobody knows what the shape of the system will be, or how long it will take to work it out," cautious does insider, who adds that he does expect "progress" by the time the IMF holds its 1973 meeting.

Fear Disorders

Although protracted talks are widely agreed to be inevitable, officials and close observers also agree that such drawn-out negotiations could trigger frightening financial and economic disorders. "The next two years will be a period of hard negotiations," cautions a Chase Manhattan Bank newsletter, "during which there will be an ever-present danger of unstable currencies."

This instability, other monetary sources gloomily warn, could have an impact far beyond the money marketplaces. "All of the people who are involved," says one, "are conscious of the dangers of

splitting the world into restrictive, hostile blocs."

The longer that a lack of universally accepted rules spurs individual nations and regional groups to protect their own interests, another says, the more risk there will be that spreading limits on imports and money movements could lead to a global "depression."

While details are still being worked on, planners expect that the make-up of the G-20 will closely parallel that of the 20-member executive board that runs the IMF's day-to-day dealings.

On that board, the United States and five other major countries have their own individual representatives, while the other 14 directors represent clusters of from three to 18 smaller nations each.

Selection of the individuals who will represent each cluster could be a politically sticky problem, insiders say. On the IMF board, for instance, the representative from Chile casts the votes for Argentina and four other Latin American countries in all.

Having the finance minister of a Marxist nation speak for them on the broader reform issues may not be acceptable to some of the others, analysts observe. So there may be hard bargaining within these regional caucuses that perhaps will not even be resolved before the end of the week-long September annual meeting.

Jeopardizing for position within individual nations by men with differing views also could complicate the process. In the United States, the Treasury Secretary traditionally has been the chief international monetary figure. But the new secretary, George P. Shultz, is still grounding himself in the steps previously commanded by his highly self-assured John B. Connally, giving rise to speculation that a more influential role will be played by Mr. Burns, who takes a more conciliatory line.

His trip to Argentina, Peru, Brazil and Venezuela was planned even before Mr. Connally resigned and set out early this month on his mission for President Nixon, government sources say. They deny that it is intended to smooth over any feelings ruffled by South America by Mr. Connally.

From the standpoint abroad, the fact that this is a presidential election year weighs against getting deeply committed to any U.S. position that a new administration might disavow. "It would be unreasonable to expect much of anything to happen until after November," says one European official. "The Nixon administration has not come up with any detailed 'blueprint' for reform, of course, and the views of Democratic front-runner (George McGovern) are even more of a mystery to the Europeans."

The U.S. vote against approval reflects the stiffer position the Nixon administration is taking against loans by international agencies to governments that Washington feels are not demonstrating "reasonable progress" for compensation of expropriated properties.

"The World Bank's lending policy has traditionally been to withhold loans to an expropriating country unless reasonable steps are taken to settle compensation disputes over expropriated interests," the Treasury said.

World Bank sources said only one other country, Iran, joined in voting against the credit. France, Britain, West Germany and Japan declined to support the U.S. position favoring delay or disapproval.

U.S. Tourists in 1971 Spent
\$6.6 Billion—7.5% Over 1970

WASHINGTON, June 22 (AP-DJ).—Some 5.7 million U.S. residents spent about \$6.6 billion on foreign travel last year, the Commerce Department reported yesterday.

The agency said the expenditure was 7.5 percent above 1970. It included payments for transportation as well as outlays for hotels, food and other services.

U.S. carriers received about \$1.1 billion for passenger fares.

Partly offsetting this dollar drain was the \$2.9 billion that nearly 2.5 million visitors from other countries spent in the United States last year. However, in terms of the balance of payments, the department said there was a \$2.7 billion "excess" of spending over receipts from foreign visitors.

U.S. travelers to Europe and the Mediterranean area averaged about \$850 during 1971 for trip expenses—\$20 less than during 1970, due in part to extensive use of "youth fares" offered by international airlines.

Some three million U.S. residents went to Western Europe last year, 9 percent more than in 1970. The "most popular destination" again was the United Kingdom, the department said, where 1.3 million Americans spent about \$324 million.

Italian Trade Falls Into Deficit in April

ROME, June 22 (Reuters).—Italy had a trade deficit of 13.5 billion lire (about \$3 million) in April compared with a surplus of 11.5 billion lire in the year-ago month, the government announced today.

Imports rose 19.4 percent to 860.7 billion lire and exports climbed 15.8 percent to 867.2 billion lire.

For the four months to April, Italy had a trade surplus of 104.8 billion lire, compared with a surplus of 327.3 billion lire during the 1971 period.

U.S. Fails to Halt
\$13 Million Bank
Loan to Iraq

WASHINGTON, June 22 (AP-DJ).—The World Bank approved today a controversial \$12.8-million loan to Iraq that was opposed by the U.S. government because of the expropriation of Western-owned Iraq Petroleum Co.

The Treasury announced that it had tried unsuccessfully to delay approval of the loan.

The bank said the loan will help Iraq meet some of its "pressing needs for skilled workers and technicians" through an expansion of its educational system, including technical training centers.

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New York Stock Exchange Trading

-1972- Stocks and Bonds				-1972- Stocks and Bonds				-1972- Stocks and Bonds			
High	Low	Div.	Chg.	High	Low	Div.	Chg.	High	Low	Div.	Chg.
75 1/2	75 1/4	1.10	+ 1/4	100 1/2	100 1/4	1.10	+ 1/4	100 1/2	100 1/4	1.10	+ 1/4
75 1/4	75 1/8	1.10	+ 1/8	100 1/4	100 1/8	1.10	+ 1/8	100 1/4	100 1/8	1.10	+ 1/8
75 1/8	75 1/16	1.10	+ 1/16	100 1/8	100 1/16	1.10	+ 1/16	100 1/8	100 1/16	1.10	+ 1/16
75 1/16	75 1/32	1.10	+ 1/32	100 1/16	100 1/32	1.10	+ 1/32	100 1/16	100 1/32	1.10	+ 1/32
75 1/32	75 1/64	1.10	+ 1/64	100 1/32	100 1/64	1.10	+ 1/64	100 1/32	100 1/64	1.10	+ 1/64
75 1/64	75 1/128	1.10	+ 1/128	100 1/64	100 1/128	1.10	+ 1/128	100 1/64	100 1/128	1.10	+ 1/128
75 1/128	75 1/256	1.10	+ 1/256	100 1/128	100 1/256	1.10	+ 1/256	100 1/128	100 1/256	1.10	+ 1/256
75 1/256	75 1/512	1.10	+ 1/512	100 1/256	100 1/512	1.10	+ 1/512	100 1/256	100 1/512	1.10	+ 1/512
75 1/512	75 1/1024	1.10	+ 1/1024	100 1/512	100 1/1024	1.10	+ 1/1024	100 1/512	100 1/1024	1.10	+ 1/1024
75 1/1024	75 1/2048	1.10	+ 1/2048	100 1/1024	100 1/2048	1.10	+ 1/2048	100 1/1024	100 1/2048	1.10	+ 1/2048
75 1/2048	75 1/4096	1.10	+ 1/4096	100 1/2048	100 1/4096	1.10	+ 1/4096	100 1/2048	100 1/4096	1.10	+ 1/4096
75 1/4096	75 1/8192	1.10	+ 1/8192	100 1/4096	100 1/8192	1.10	+ 1/8192	100 1/4096	100 1/8192	1.10	+ 1/8192
75 1/8192	75 1/16384	1.10	+ 1/16384	100 1/8192	100 1/16384	1.10	+ 1/16384	100 1/8192	100 1/16384	1.10	+ 1/16384
75 1/16384	75 1/32768	1.10	+ 1/32768	100 1/16384	100 1/32768	1.10	+ 1/32768	100 1/16384	100 1/32768	1.10	+ 1/32768
75 1/32768	75 1/65536	1.10	+ 1/65536	100 1/32768	100 1/65536	1.10	+ 1/65536	100 1/32768	100 1/65536	1.10	+ 1/65536
75 1/65536	75 1/131072	1.10	+ 1/131072	100 1/65536	100 1/131072	1.10	+ 1/131072	100 1/65536	100 1/131072	1.10	+ 1/131072
75 1/131072	75 1/262144	1.10	+ 1/262144	100 1/131072	100 1/262144	1.10	+ 1/262144	100 1/131072	100 1/262144	1.10	+ 1/262144
75 1/262144	75 1/524288	1.10	+ 1/524288	100 1/262144	100 1/524288	1.10	+ 1/524288	100 1/262144	100 1/524288	1.10	+ 1/524288
75 1/524288	75 1/1048576	1.10	+ 1/1048576	100 1/524288	100 1/1048576	1.10	+ 1/1048576	100 1/524288	100 1/1048576	1.10	+ 1/1048576
75 1/1048576	75 1/2097152	1.10	+ 1/2097152	100 1/1048576	100 1/2097152	1.10	+ 1/2097152	100 1/1048576	100 1/2097152	1.10	+ 1/2097152
75 1/2097152	75 1/4194304	1.10	+ 1/4194304	100 1/2097152	100 1/4194304	1.10	+ 1/4194304	100 1/2097152	100 1/4194304	1.10	+ 1/4194304
75 1/4194304	75 1/8388608	1.10	+ 1/8388608	100 1/4194304	100 1/8388608	1.10	+ 1/8388608	100 1/4194304	100 1/8388608	1.10	+ 1/8388608
75 1/8388608	75 1/16777216	1.10	+ 1/16777216	100 1/8388608	100 1/16777216	1.10	+ 1/16777216	100 1/8388608	100 1/16777216	1.10	+ 1/16777216
75 1/16777216	75 1/33554432	1.10	+ 1/33554432	100 1/16777216	100 1/33554432	1.10	+ 1/33554432	100 1/16777216	100 1/33554432	1.10	+ 1/33554432
75 1/33554432	75 1/67108864	1.10	+ 1/67108864	100 1/33554432	100 1/67108864	1.10	+ 1/67108864	100 1/33554432	100 1/67108864	1.10	+ 1/67108864
75 1/67108864	75 1/134217728	1.10	+ 1/134217728	100 1/67108864	100 1/134217728	1.10	+ 1/134217728	100 1/67108864	100 1/134217728	1.10	+ 1/134217728
75 1/134217728	75 1/268435456	1.10	+ 1/268435456	100 1/134217728	100 1/268435456	1.10	+ 1/268435456	100 1/134217728	100 1/268435456	1.10	+ 1/268435456
75 1/268435456	75 1/536870912	1.10	+ 1/536870912	100 1/268435456	100 1/536870912	1.10	+ 1/536870912	100 1/268435456	100 1/536870912	1.10	+ 1/536870912
75 1/536870912	75 1/1073741824	1.10	+ 1/1073741824	100 1/536870912	100 1/1073741824	1.10	+ 1/1073741824	100 1/536870912	100 1/1073741824	1.10	+ 1/1073741824
75 1/1073741824	75 1/2147483648	1.10	+ 1/2147483648	100 1/1073741824	100 1/2147483648	1.10	+ 1/2147483648	100 1/1073741824	100 1/2147483648	1.10	+ 1/2147483648
75 1/2147483648	75 1/4294967296	1.10	+ 1/4294967296	100 1/2147483648	100 1/4294967296	1.10	+ 1/4294967296	100 1/2147483648	100 1/4294967296	1.10	+ 1/4294967296
75 1/4294967296	75 1/8589934592	1.10	+ 1/8589934592	100 1/4294967296	100 1/8589934592	1.10	+ 1/8589934592	100 1/4294967296	100 1/8589934592	1.10	+ 1/8589934592
75 1/8589934592	75 1/17179869184	1.10	+ 1/17179869184	100 1/8589934592	100 1/17179869184	1.10	+ 1/17179869184	100 1/8589934592	100 1/17179869184	1.10	+ 1/17179869184
75 1/17179869184	75 1/34359738368	1.10	+ 1/34359738368	100 1/17179869184	100 1/34359738368	1.10	+ 1/34359738368	100 1/17179869184	100 1/34359738368	1.10	+ 1/34359738368
75 1/34359738368	75 1/68719476736	1.10	+ 1/68719476736	100 1/34359738368	100 1/68719476736	1.10	+ 1/68719476736	100 1/34359738368	100 1/68719476736	1.10	+ 1/68719476736
75 1/68719476736	75 1/137438953472	1.10	+ 1/137438953472	100 1/68719476736	100 1/137438953472	1.10	+ 1/137438953472	100 1/68719476736	100 1/137438953472	1.10	+ 1/137438953472
75 1/137438953472	75 1/274877906944	1.10	+ 1/274877906944	100 1/137438953472	100 1/274877906944	1.10	+ 1/274877906944	100 1/137438953472	100 1/274877906944	1.10	+ 1/274877906944
75 1/274877906944	75 1/549755813888	1.10	+ 1/549755813888	100 1/274877906944	100 1/549755813888	1.10	+ 1/549755813888	100 1/274877906944	100 1/549755813888	1.10	+ 1/549755813888
75 1/549755813888	75 1/1099511627776	1.10	+ 1/1099511627776	100 1/549755813888	100 1/1099511627776	1.10	+ 1/1099511627776	100 1/549755813888	100 1/1099511627776	1.10	+ 1/1099511627776
75 1/1099511627776	75 1/2199023255552	1.10	+ 1/2199023255552	100 1/1099511627776	100 1/2199023255552	1.10	+ 1/2199023255552	100 1/1099511627776	100 1/2199023255552	1.10	+ 1/2199023255552
75 1/2199023255552	75 1/4398046511104	1.10	+ 1/4398046511104	100 1/2199023255552	100 1/4398046511104	1.10	+ 1/4398046511104	100 1/2199023255552	100 1/4398046511104	1.10	+ 1/4398046511104
75 1/4398046511104	75 1/8796093022208	1.10	+ 1/8796093022208	100 1/4398046511104	100 1/8796093022208	1.10	+ 1/8796093022208	100 1/4398046511104	100 1/8796093022208	1.10	+ 1/8796093022208
75 1/8796093022208	75 1/17592186044416	1.10	+ 1/17592186044416	100 1/8796093022208	100 1/17592186044416	1.10	+ 1/17592186044416	100 1/8796093022208	100 1/17592186044416	1.10	+ 1/17592186044416
75 1/17592186044416	75 1/35184372088832	1.10	+ 1/35184372088832	100 1/17592186044416	100 1/35184372088832	1.10	+ 1/35184372088832	100 1/17592186044416	100 1/35184372088832	1.10	+ 1/35184372088832
75 1/35184372088832	75 1/70368744177664	1.10	+ 1/70368744177664	100 1/35184372088832	100 1/70368744177664	1.10	+ 1/70368744177664	100 1/35184372088832	100 1/70368744177664	1.10	+ 1/70368744177664
75 1/70368744177664	75 1/140737488355328	1.10	+ 1/140737488355328	100 1/70368744177664	100 1/140737488355328	1.10	+ 1/140737488355328	100 1/70368744177664	100 1/140737488355328	1.10	+ 1/140737488355328
75 1/140737488355328	75 1/281474976710656	1.10	+ 1/281474976710656	100 1/140737488355328	100 1/281474976710656	1.10	+ 1/281474976710656	100 1/140737488355328	100 1/281474976710656	1.10	+ 1/281474976710656
75 1/281474976710656	75 1/562949953421312	1.10	+ 1/562949953421312	100 1/281474976710656	100 1/562949953421312	1.10	+ 1/562949953421312	100 1/281474976710656	100 1/562949953421312	1.10	+ 1/562949953421312
75 1/562949953421312	75 1/1125899906842624	1.10	+ 1/1125899906842624	100 1/562949953421312	100 1/1125899906842624	1.10	+ 1/1125899906842624	100 1/562949953421312	100 1/1125899906842624	1.10	+ 1/1125899906842624
75 1/1125899906842624	75 1/2251799813685248	1.10	+ 1/2251799813685248	100 1/1125899906842624	100 1/2251799813685248	1.10	+ 1/2251799813685248	100 1/1125899906842624	100 1/2251799813685248	1.10	+ 1/2251799813685248
75 1/2251799813685248	75 1/4503599627370496	1.10	+ 1/4503599627370496	100 1/2251799813685248	100 1/4503599627370496	1.10	+ 1/4503599627370496	100 1/2251799813685248	100 1/4503599627370496	1.10	+ 1/4503599627370496
75 1/4503599627370496	75 1/9007199254740992	1.10	+ 1/9007199254740992	100 1/4503599627370496	100 1/9007199254740992	1.10	+ 1/9007199254740992	100 1/4503599627370496	100 1/9007199254740992	1.10	+ 1/9007199254740992
75 1/9007199254740992	75 1/18014398509481984	1.10	+ 1/18014398509481984	100 1/9007199254740992	100 1/18014398509481984	1.10	+ 1/18014398509481984	100 1/9007199254740992	100 1/18014398509481984	1.10	+ 1/18014398509481984
75 1/18014398509481984	75 1/36028797018963968	1.10	+ 1/36028797018963968	100 1/18014398509481984	100 1/36028797018963968	1.10	+ 1/36028797018963968	100 1/18014398509481984	100 1/36028797018963968	1.10	+ 1/36028797018963968
75 1/36028797018963968	75 1/72057594037927936	1.10	+ 1/72057594037927936	100 1/36028797018963968	100 1/72057594037927936	1.10	+ 1/72057594037927936	100 1/36028797018963968	100 1/72057594037927936	1.10	+ 1/72057594037927936
75 1/72057594037927936	75 1/144115188075855872	1.10	+ 1/144115188075855872	100 1/72057594037927936	100 1/144115188075855872	1.10	+ 1/144115188075855872	100 1/72057594037927936	100 1/144115188075855872	1.10	+ 1/144115188075855872
75 1/144115188075855872	75 1/288230376151711744	1.10	+ 1/288230376151711744	100 1/144115188075855872	100 1/288230376151711744	1.10	+ 1/288230376151711744	100 1/144115188075855872	100 1/288230376151711744	1.10	+ 1/288230376151711744
75 1/288230376151711744	75 1/576460752303423488	1.10	+ 1/576460752303423488	100 1/288230376151711744	100 1/576460752303423488	1.10	+ 1/576460752303423488	100 1/288230376151711744	100 1/576460752303423488	1.10	+ 1/576460752303423488
75 1/576460752303423488	75 1/1152921504606846976	1.10	+ 1/1152921504606846976	100 1/576460752303423488							

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First High Low Last CHRM					High Low Div. in %					1969 First High Low Last CHRM					High Low Div. in %									
[Illegible data]																								

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doors) and Volvo 145 (station wagon), plus the elegant and luxurious six-cylinder Volvo 164/164E. Both engines are available with fuel injection, which is standard in the sports car Volvo 1800 ES (2+2 seater).

All Volvo models have seats that are adjusted for perfect personal comfort — you can even adjust the lumbar support! All models have the famous Volvo safety features, e.g. a braking system which gives approximately 80% of full braking effect with one braking circuit completely out of action. All models are available with

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• *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 2000; 283: 2669-2674



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TOURIST & DIPLOMAT SALES

New York Stock Exchange Trading

Stocks and Bonds	High	Low	Div.	5	100s	First	High	Low	Last	Chg
(Continued from preceding page.)										
277 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2
278 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2
279 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2
280 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2
281 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2
282 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2
283 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2
284 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2
285 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2
286 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2
287 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2
288 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2
289 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2
290 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2
291 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2
292 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2
293 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2
294 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2
295 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2
296 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2
297 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2
298 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2
299 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2
300 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2

American Stock Exchange Trading

Stocks and Bonds	High	Low	Div.	5	100s	First	High	Low	Last	Chg
(Continued from preceding page.)										
277 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2
278 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2
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300 1/2 UAL Inc.	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	211	207 1/2	4 1/2	43 1/2

The Debentures having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

New Issues

June 23, 1972

\$25,000,000 Ashland Oil Finance N.V.

8% Guaranteed Debentures Due 1987

Unconditionally Guaranteed as to Payment of Principal, Premium, if any, and Interest by

Ashland Oil, Inc.

Dillon, Read & Co. Inc.

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American Express Securities S.A.

Baer Securities Corporation

Andresens Bank A/S

Arnhold and S. Bleichroeder, Inc.

Bache & Co.

Banca Commerciale Italiana

Banca Nazionale del Lavoro

Banco Ambrosiano

Banco di Roma/Commerzbank AG/Credit Lyonnais

Bank of America

Bank Mees & Hope NV

Bankers Trust International

Bankhaus Friedrich Simon K.G.A.A.

Banque Amerigas

Banque Europeenne de Tokyo

Banque Generale du Luxembourg S.A.

Banque de Bruxelles S.A.

Banque Internationale à Luxembourg S.A.

Banque Lambert S.C.S.

Banque de l'Indochine

Banque Nationale de Paris

Banque de Neufize, Schlumberger, Mallet

Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas

Banque Populaire Suisse (Underwriters) S.A.

Banque Rothschild

Banque de Suez et de l'Union des Mines

Banque de l'Union Europeenne

Banque de l'Union Parisienne

Baring Brothers & Co., H. Albert de Bary & Co. N.V.

Bayerische Vereinsbank

Bear, Stearns & Co.

Berliner Handels-Gesellschaft

Gummar Bohn & Co. A/S

Brown Harriman International Ltd.

Burnham & Company Inc.

Capitalfin Internazionale S.p.A.

Cazenove & Co.

"La Centrale" Finanziaria Generale S.p.A.

Christiania Bank og Kreditkasse

Cosmos Bank (Overseas)

Credit Commercial de France

Credit Industriel D'Alsace et de Lorraine

Credit Suisse (Bahamas)

Creditoanstalt-Bankverein

The Daiwa Securities Co.

Den Danske Landsmandsbank

Richard Daus & Co.

The Deltac Banking Corporation

Deutsche Girozentrale

—Deutsche Kommunalbank—

Deutsche Bank

Eastman Dillon, Union Securities & Co.

Edicentro S.p.A.

Dresdner Bank

The First Boston Corporation

Goldman Sachs International Corp.

Gutwiller, Kurz, Buegener Securities

Hambros Bank

Handelsbank in Zurich (Overseas)

Hill Samuel & Co.

Kiddier, Peabody & Co.

Kleinwort, Benson

Kreditbank N.V.

Kuhn, Loeb & Co. International

Kuwait Foreign Trading Contracting & Investment Co.

Kreditbank S.A. Luxembourg

Kuwait Investment Co. S.A.K.

Lazard Brothers & Co.

Lazard Frères & Cie

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Observer

The Middle Game

By Russell Baker

WASHINGTON.—It was a vast noisy dull place with a television set in every other room, and people tuning to another channel whenever Dick Cavett came on, and there were gales of automobile exhaust fumes.

The superintendent was surly. "So you want to move to the middle," he said. "Who doesn't? Make an appointment for the agent to show you some space. I'm busy."

The superintendent was busy. All right. He was getting some space ready for Sen. George McGovern (who won't do).

It is definite that Sen. McGovern, who won't do, is going to move to the middle so that his inevitable loss to President Nixon will not be so humiliating? I inquired.

"All I know is what I read in the newspapers," said the superintendent. "And everything I read tells me that McGovern, who won't do, has to move to the middle. I'm getting the space ready."

The superintendent, who was pumping automobile exhaust fumes into the space he was preparing for McGovern (who won't do), said that it always seemed comfortable there in the middle. One reason, he confided, was that so many of the tenants used alcohol.

The superintendent threw several tax breaks at random around the space being prepared for McGovern (who won't do), and set off down a plush corridor. Passing the space occupied by Humphrey, we heard the senator shout happily that things had to be done differently around the middle, but not too differently.

Then we passed the space occupied by President Nixon. He was practicing for an emergency television speech to reassure all tenants in the middle that they were good people who loved their country and that anyone who disagreed had a perfect right to disagree because that was what the middle was all about, although in good conscience he

the President, had no alternative but to mine the bathtubs of such persons.

The superintendent, it turned out, was hurrying to his own space to tune out Dick Cavett, who was threatening to relieve the dullness.

"There's no point in you hanging around here, because I've got too much to do to show you what you're looking for," he said.

"I don't know what I'm looking for. I knew when I came in here, but now I've forgotten."

"You were looking for a place to hang your conscience," the superintendent grumbled. "That's what everybody comes looking for here. But they all forget. It's all the television shooting, and tax breaks, and soaking the poor, and the mines in the bathtubs, and booze, and arm and leg gasses, and rushing around to turn off Dick Cavett on account of the suspicion that he is an intellectual—that's what makes them all forget."

He had opened a large store-room and was taking bombs from its shelves. Slingshot them under his arms and over his shoulders, he began distributing them, leaving several bombs outside each door.

"Everybody who lives here pays for these things," he explained, "and rushing around to deliver them. The trouble is everybody pretends that he hasn't bought any bombs, and they just ignore them, so I've got to come around eight hours later, collect them, and mail them out to somebody who will dump them where they will do the most good."

Where might that be? I asked. He couldn't remember, he said. Nobody there could remember. It was a place they talked about frequently on television, but there in the middle it was hard to keep the names of places like that in mind. Things were too comfortable there, in the middle, he said, too comfortable for a man to spend his time struggling to think of the names of every country he was dropping bombs on to build a generation of peace.

The superintendent left six bombs in the space he was preparing for McGovern (who won't do), and, as a special favor to rank mailed Nixon's straight to some airplane pilots.

The Lunts, Almost 80, In Semi-Retirement

By Dan Sullivan

GENESEE DEPOT, Wis.—They have youth and great gifts and unmistakable attitude of ascent, and those who saw them last night bowing hand in hand for the first time may well have been witnessing a moment in theatrical history. It is among the possibilities that the Lunts are seeing the first chapter in a partnership destined to be as distinguished as that of Henry Irving and Ellen Terry.

So ran Alexander Woolcott's opening-night review of Alfred Lunt and Lynn Fontanne in "The Guardsman" in 1924, and it worked out just as Woolcott predicted. The Lunts went on to 27 plays together, leading triumphantly with "The Visit" in 1958) and to achieve the sort of admiration reserved by the Cole Porter era for Garbo's salary, the National Gallery and cellophane.

The Lunts were the top and everybody on both sides of the Atlantic knew it. (Sir Ralph Richardson: "We have some very good performers, but America has the Lunts.") Now they live quietly on their 120-acre farm here, not officially retired but at their age (pushing 80) glad, they say, out to have to think about making a curtain tonight. Occasionally, though, they make a public appearance.

They talk together as you're told they played together (or was their playing style merely a heightening of their conversational style?). Anyway, the dialogue has bounce and overlap:

Question: How do you find today's theater?

Fontanne: Dull.

Lunt: Dull. What do you mean?

She: I go in cold and I come out colder. I haven't been thrilled in the theater since, what?

He: Well, you liked "Becket."

She: Yes, and "Man for All Seasons."

He: And the first two acts of what was it?

She: "Tiny Alice." But the third act did not exist. The author hadn't finished his play. We were left high and dry!

He: Well, Lynnie...

She: No, wait a minute!

He: ... We liked Helen (Hayes) in "The Show Off"...

She: I haven't quite finished with this! I came out of that theater so annoyed and cross that I really might have hit Mr. (Edward) Albee. I knew that he had said John (Gleason) on the play on the basis of two acts, and then he let him down!

He: I found it deadly. I knew Charlotte Corday would kill him and I kept wishing she would.

He: Oh, but what Peter Brook did around it!

She: It's not enough, Alfred.

He: It was just enough.

She: It wasn't a bit. I didn't like it.

In other words, they're married. She's the assertive one, he's the moderate one—in front of company, anyway. I ask them if they used to criticize each other's work. Yes, constantly.

Fontanne: "We were two actors being perfectly honest with each other. To an outsider it might have sounded cruel. We didn't sound cruel to each other. It's just that we didn't have to bother with the now-darling-of-course-you're-the-most-marvelous-actor-in-the-world-but-there's-just-one-little-thing-beginning. We've always been pretty straight with each other."

Genealogy Dept. is about an hour's drive west from Milwaukee, just beyond Waukegan. Lunt bought three acres here for \$80 in 1915, and they're being added to it ever since. Now they've got 120 acres. It's a real farm, but "Country Place" suits it better—no chickens in the driveway. There are the main house, guest house and a kind of lodge called the studio.



Alfred Lunt and Lynn Fontanne in Genesee Depot, Wis.

At the top of a hill is a big vegetable garden. He pulls weeds every morning. She sees and is a demon at it (did all the curtains in the guest house). "You wouldn't believe it, how simply we live." Well, yes. But it is an achieved simplicity, chosen from a variety of other ways they could have lived. She is wearing canvas shoes—and pearls. They are perfectly congruous.

She: We learned not to have any social life in the daytime. The social thing is what you use in acting. If you use it during the day, there's not so much of it to use at night. We found that lunch with someone always meant a third performance. So I might buy something at Saks...

He: A bit.

She: But I would be home early. Then we would have a very early dinner and at 5:30 we would be on the bed and turn on the radio and have a nap. At 6:30 we would be at the theater. I would take an hour and a half to make up. Then I would have a game of patience and a cup of tea.

Was she nervous?

"More and more, as the years went on."

Fontanne: I was always impressed by what a piece of architecture a good play was. The skill it took to put it together, how all the parts worked individually and also contributed to the total effect. That's just the script. Then you consider what the director and the actors do. For a month, eight hours a day, you put it together bit by bit. An outsider would find it boring. The rest is the least boring to an actor. You put it together until it's slick and silky.

They made one movie together, "The Guardsman" (1931). MGM offered them a million-dollar contract to make more. "We can be bought, but we can't be bored," they said, and went back to the stage.

Lunt: They wouldn't give us a choice of what to do, you see. We would have had to do anything they told us.

Was this Irving Thalberg?

Lunt: And some other people. And today they are all dead.

She has a pet goose, Walter. Walter loves only Lynn ("Can't stand Alfred"). On the lawn Walter toddled over the hill and into her arms, making noises like a rusty gate. "Oh, my darling! My boy! My darling boy!" she cried, stooping to embrace him. "Look at that," Lunt whispered. Green grass, white goose, the girlish old lady, and the edges of everything backlit by the late-afternoon sun. It was a moment.

© Los Angeles Times

PEOPLE:

Suggested: Two-System for Marr

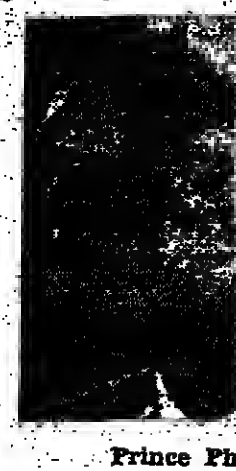
Queen Elizabeth's husband Prince Philip has written the foreword for a book in which a British population expert calls for two kinds of marriage—one childless and easy to break and the other lifelong. Philip said in the foreword to "The Death of Tomorrow" by Dr. John L. Lorange: "The conclusions he draws are ominous. But it is only when there is widespread recognition of the existence of such problems that solutions for humanity will be forthcoming." Lorange, a British Medical Council scientist in Edinburgh, calls for drastic moves to ward off global disaster through a new population. He is a 45-year-old childless widower. Prince Philip, who has for years taken an interest in population problems and has suggested families should have no more than two children—though he and the queen have four—said in the foreword: "Dr. Lorange is to be congratulated for giving such a vivid picture of the dangers and choices facing mankind. Unless reproductive activities are controlled, there can be no future for mankind."

In some sort of landmark in labor relations, the union representing the royal guards in Sweden has suggested that "private guard companies should watch the castle instead." "Many of our members feel silly and ridiculous when parading in the Royal Guard only to satisfy the tourists," a spokesman for the union said, adding that as yet no action has been planned.

Film actor-producer Peter Fonda, 32, has been sued for divorce by his wife, Susan, 30, whose suit in a Santa Monica, California, court charges "irreconcilable differences." They were married in 1961; separated in February, they have two children.

Carrying on the burgeoning tradition of commercializing culture, department stores in Milan are selling large plastic molds in the shape of the Milan cathedral and other historic monuments for use in making bread-cakes.

It was a young affair all the way. Leroy A. Young of Young Realty Co. in Napa, California, sold the property of George A.



Prince Philip

Young and Young Sh. dietown, California, A. and Olga A. Young California. Realtor. It was a "Young" respect. None of are related and Young not named after it.

From Trapani, Sicily, comes the story of a man, entirely, as N Magazine is wont to fisherman having a s his moored fishing b in the water when it sunk by a lorry, w over the jetty. Is but unhurt."

Ted Neely (Jesus) Anderson (Judas), a Broadway rock on Christ Superstar, will share roles in the new production being slated on Aug. 20. Universal studios. Neely is directing a ducing.

An aunt and a cousin have agreed alleged unsanitary on their old 28-room or Long Island to avoid Mrs. Edith Bowyer and her daughter, Ke not attend the heat ment hearing, but th William J. Van Den assistant attorney gen the late Robert Kenne used that "steps will within a month to el violations. —SAMUEL

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